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VOL. XC., NO. 71.

VICTORIA, B.C., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1903.

FORTY-FIFTH YEAR.

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Our own direct importations. The
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means the finest in the world at the
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Genuine Lemaire Opera Glasses
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Long or short sighted people, and
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aches, need glasses. The longer
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Eye Examined Free. Most Modern Methods Used.

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Everyone Likes to Have

Cash wherever they go. We share the feeling, but we permit you to
save something on your purchases when you come here. Bring your
money with you and we will show you what you will save.
AUSTRALIAN BOILED RABBIT, tin 25c.
TRISCUIT, the new Biscuit, baked by electricity, package 15c.
MORGAN'S EASTERN OYSTERS, tin 75c.
Always Fresh and Reliable.

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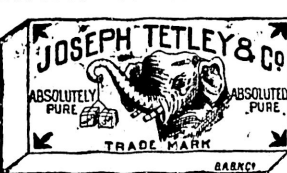
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MONEY TO LOAN—At lowest current rates in small
and large amounts.

B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd.

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Property placed in our hands for sale will receive prompt attention.



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ARE SUPERB.
Try their Extra Quality at \$1.00 per
lb.; same standard as used by Royalty.

Hudson's Bay Co., Agents for B. C.

HAY, 50 Tons of Choice ISLAND CLOVER

Nothing Better for Cows. Order Early

The Brackman-Ker Milling Co.

Terminal City Statistics

Last Month Shows Record in
Value of Building Permits
Issued.

Taxing Bicycles Results in
Curtailling of a Healthy
Pastime.

Good String of Horses Expect-
ed to Run in Next Club
Meet.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, Sept. 3.—The officials of the Treasury department of the City of Vancouver have been busy lately. They are unable to compute the amount of taxes paid in to date in comparison with other years. It is said, however, that the taxes have come in well and it would probably be found better than for some years. The extra amount of work is caused, owing to the expiring for redemption of lands sold at the tax sale. There was a large amount of land sold in this way, and a large proportion of it was redeemed by the original owners, while deeds had to be given by the city for the rest.

The buildings permits last month amounted to about \$125,000, one of the largest months in the history of Vancouver. The building trade is reported to be very active and most of the contractors very busy.

Oil has not been struck in the Alberta wells, owned by a Vancouver syndicate, although the prospect is very promising. It was not expected that oil would be struck before a depth of 1,000 feet had been attained.

Between the hours of twelve, noon and one o'clock a plume of smoke rose from the top of the peak of the Western Lion. It was Mr. Atwell King's sign to all unbelievers that he again made the ascent of the lofty peak.

An asphalt pavement is being laid on Robson street from Burrard to Granville streets, while the boulevard is being nicely trimmed. The improvements are taking place on the south side of the street, and when completed the asphalt pavement will extend from Thurlow street to Granville.

Mr. T. Scott, one of the best known men around Abbotsford, who has been confined for some time to the hospital, this city is able to be out again. For a number of years Mr. Scott has been prospecting for gold on his ranch with the greatest patience, doing most of the work himself, but this far, while the results are hopeful, no vein has been struck. Mr. Scott is also interested in a mine on Fire Mountain adjoining the Fire Mountain Mine Company's property.

2,250 bicycle tags of the ordinary kind, and 337 messenger boys' tags have been disposed of by Inspector Brown since the first of the year. There is no doubt that the number of bicycles ridden are falling off. Bicycles in Vancouver are not used now for pleasure as much as for business. The first year that bicycle tags were issued was the largest, there being 2,750 sold.

News of the burning of the mill in the city yesterday, which was a well-known logging camp, elicited the information that things had not been so dull in logging for years as they are just at present.

Land at North Vancouver is selling very readily just now. Messrs. Morison and Lett alone disposed of \$35,000 worth of lots in the last week. Mr. Walter Gravelly and Mr. W. Hudson and party left yesterday for Nanaimo on a pleasure trip on Mr. Hudson's yacht, "Widewake."

Mr. George Cassidy, who has been East in connection with the B. C. Packers' Association, is expected to return to the city tomorrow. He is a heavy traveler, said it was so heavy in Eastern Canada that it was difficult to secure rooms in a hotel. He noticed this particularly in Halifax and Montreal. The heaviest tourist, however, seemed to be at Winnipeg coming West.

Hon. R. G. Tatlow, M. P., was in the city yesterday. Captain Tatlow says that while his colleagues in the Cabinet are working on the outside he is working on the inside. He is, therefore, not posted very much as to what is going on generally. He states, however, from what his colleagues tell him, there is every reason to believe that the government will be maintained, and this is principally due to the fact that strong, capable men are being chosen throughout the province to represent the government. Captain Tatlow states that Premier McBride leaves for another tour to the up-country districts.

It is reported that negotiations are still in progress for the sale of Britannia copper mines property to a syndicate composed of French and English capitalists.

Mr. Donaldson, collector of votes, and his staff are still very busy preparing the lists for the printers. Every attempt is being made to get the lists printed and into the hands of the public promptly.

Mr. J. A. Fullerton states that he expects that there will be forty or fifty horses competing next Saturday at the Jockey Club meet. Yesterday a woman man asked for the accommodation of eight horses, while J. J. Rotger is expected will bring a string of nineteen from Washington State.

Fourteen years ago, sea captain, still living in Vancouver, submitted to the then mayor, David Oppenheimer, a plan to deepen False creek by cutting a canal through the 1,000 feet intervening between the Inlet and False creek. Plans and specifications accompanying the proposition which was submitted to the council, and they decided that the city could not raise sufficient funds at the time to build the canal. The theory that the tide, rushing through the Narrows into the Inlet, left the water higher in the Inlet when the tide turned than the water outside, as it could not get back quick enough through the Narrows, and this water rushing through the canal could flush out False creek and make the water sufficiently deep for sea-going vessels.

Mr. Gilbert Blair, manager for Mackay Smith & Co., has a portion of the rich quartz from the ledge found on Granite creek, in the Similkameen country. It is an extremely rich specimen, the gold being speckled over it. The quartz is said to be as rich as that found in Poplar creek, but the vein, as far as can be traced, is only 18 inches wide.

Mr. Charles F. Law, M. P., left yesterday on a shooting trip for the Similkameen country. Mr. Law will probably be away for a month. He says the country is full of mountain lakes, and ducks and geese are found in great quantities.

Mrs. J. Harris, aunt of Sergeant Harris, who has been living in Vancouver

during the summer with her family, re-
turned to her home in San Francisco
yesterday.

A swell Chinese up-to-date restaurant is to be opened in the Chinese club room building. Nothing but Chinese short orders will be served.

A complimentary banquet was given to Mr. J. Buntzen, general manager of the Vancouver street railway, by the employees tonight.

The Vancouver and Victoria Stevedoring Company are to install an electric cargo handler on the U. P. R. I. wharf to reduce the delay of unloading and loading big steamships.

The Liberals of Westminster met last night to choose a nominee, but no action was taken. It is rumored that Aubrey Morrison is after the Liberal leadership, and is now on his way to Westminster.

Mr. John Hendry, president of the V. W. C. Y. club, has wired Mayor Neelands from Ottawa regarding the city's injunction proceedings against the railway.

Mr. Hendry states that he has no desire to humbug or bluff, and asks that proceedings be stayed until he could arrive in Vancouver.

L. W. Shatford, Conservative nominee for Similkameen riding, is a guest at the Hotel Vancouver. Mr. Shatford is a victor in his riding, and states that the Liberals have it under consideration to replace Mr. W. D. Snodgrass, their nominee, with a stronger man this year.

Mr. W. J. is not to be opposed by the Conservatives. This was decided upon by the Conservative convention at Golden.

At the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Mills, Wednesday morning, Mrs. Garret Moffat Mills, their eldest daughter, was married to Mr. Thomas I. Ross Mackay. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. G. A. Wilson.

HIS MAJESTY RETURNS.
Vienna, Sept. 3.—King Edward left Vienna this morning for London. Emperor Francis Joseph is expected to leave-taking was most cordial.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY WRECK.
Charlotte, N. C., Sept. 3.—A passenger train on the Southern Railway between Rockville and Rockville, N. C., crashed through a trestle today. Several deaths are reported but no particulars are available.

BOND ISSUE CANCELLED.
New York, Sept. 3.—The legislative committee of the Consolidated Lake Superior Company today decided to pay back to shareholders the three millions deposited under the proposed bond issue which has just been declared off.

LOAN COMPANIES UNITE.
Million Dollar Amalgamation Takes Place in St. Thomas.

St. Thomas, Sept. 3.—(Special).—Three solvent loan companies of this city have decided to amalgamate. The new company will be known as the Southern Loan and Savings Co. It will have a subscribed capital of \$1,000,000, of which \$100,000 will be fully paid up, made up as follows: Southern Loan, \$400,000; Southwestern Loan, \$193,000; and Star, \$253,000.

THE LIBERAL LEADERSHIP.
Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman Denies Rumor of Intention to Retire.

London, Sept. 3.—In reply to a question regarding his reported intention to retire from the leadership of the Liberal party in the House of Commons, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman today telegraphed that there was "no truth whatever" in the report. The report was published in the Evening News of London, and said his retirement was meditated on account of the continued illness of his wife.

DISCOUNT RATE TAKES A JUMP

Bank of England Raises Rate
to Meet the Continental
Demand.

London, Sept. 3.—The rate of discount of the Bank of England was increased today from 4 to 4 1/2 per cent. The rise in the bank rate was attributed mainly to the withdrawal of gold for the payment of the Netherlands railroad loan, and a lesser degree to the demands for gold from Berlin.

The action of the bank officials was a great surprise to the stock exchange, and caused a general all-round depression on all the money markets.

It was thought the rise in the bank rate would hinder the supply for American requirements.

When asked what was the cause and when would be the effect of the increase in the bank rate, Lord Rothschild said: "Some little time ago a high official of the Bank of Germany announced that the German government was necessary to raise the German rate in the middle of September, because of the expected demand for mortgages which in Germany all but gold is paid in bank notes. The German bankers were much averse to the project held out by the Bank of Germany, and proposed to lay out on all the money gold they could get, in the hope of staying off the rise. Their operations culminated today in the withdrawal of between \$5,000,000 and \$4,000,000 of gold from the Bank of England. The only action left to our bank was to raise the rate."

"Today's rise had absolutely nothing to do with the Balkan loan, with the prospective gold imports by America. France will now have to supply gold for the annual continental demand, upon American supply."

"Except for the German action the continent would have looked chiefly to England to finance it through such an operation."

FAVORABLE WEATHER.
Much Rain at Golden Assists Growth of the Crops.

Golden, B.C., Aug. 31.—The prevailing weather this summer has been very unusual for this part of the country. It has rained a little nearly every day. Late in the season the clouds have been seen and heard on the mountains bordering the valley. As a consequence of this copious watering the country has a greener and finer appearance than in the drier seasons. Crops are good; frosts have not injured this far.

The mines are promising well. Some of the leading men of the Laborers' Co-operative Mining company are here from Chicago. They will remedy the unfortunate delay in starting the new smelter. The machinists are now at work and promise to have the smelter in operation this fall.

Mr. Bert Lowe is to guide a party of tourist sportsmen to the home of the bear, mountain goat, big horn, etc. They are expected here in a few days.

There is no prospect of a political battle in this constituency in connection with the coming election.

FIRST MEETING OF COMMISSION

Lord Chief Justice Alverstone Chosen Chairman
of Alaskan Boundary Tribunal—Argu-
ment Commences Sept. 15th.

Washington, Sept. 3.—The following is an abstract of the case of the United States before the Alaskan boundary tribunal. The documents covering the American presentation of the Alaskan boundary case are comprised in three volumes, making a total of about 1,100 pages. In addition to these are also two volumes of maps.

In the first volume the question at issue, namely: What is intended to be the point of commencement of the line of demarcation between the United States and Canada? What is the Portland channel? What course the line should take at the entrance of that channel? To what point of the 56th parallel the line should be drawn from the head of the Portland channel? and other familiar questions are discussed.

There is also an extensive discussion of the extent of the strip of territory along the coast of the mainland that Russia conveyed to the United States by treaty of 1867. It appears from the documents that Great Britain concedes that the line begins at Cape Muzon.

The United States contends that it was the intention of the powers which signed the treaty of 1825 to conform in full with

ments, bearing upon the boundary question, and it is intended to derive from the facts presented in the statements to which reference has been made. Considerable space is devoted to the part played by the Klondike gold discoveries in arousing Great Britain's interest in the controversy, and in this connection notice is taken of an assertion made by the British commissioner that the towns of Dyea and Skagway owed their existence to the migration to the Klondike. They assert, on the contrary, that Dyea was founded in 1880, and Skagway in 1888. They contrast the early exploration made by the Canadian commissioners to the effect that "Canada's claim to the territories at the head of Lynn canal was at that time well known to the United States government."

"This," they say, "is a gratuitous assertion. There is no proof to sustain it. Canada never put forward any such claim to the United States. The claim was first made in 1888 by Great Britain before the joint high commission. It is said that if the Canadian government had instructed British vessels to disregard the regulations there would have been grave danger of a serious collision."



SIR LOUIS JETTE,
Of Quebec.

LORD ALVERSTONE.
President of the Commission.

creignty to Russia a continuous strip or lisiere along the continental shores of the Northwest coast of America, extending from Portland canal to the 141st meridian of longitude west of Greenwich, and that such a strip was to be ten marine leagues, measured from the heads of all gulfs and other arms of the sea, unless there was within that distance a range of mountains. The contention is further made that there is no such mountain range. It is also urged that the United States have been denied the right of entry at New York.

Strong exception is also taken to the contention that there was a reservation on the part of Great Britain when the respective governments created a port of entry at Dyea. The argument asserts that whatever reservation there was, was made by a commissioner of customs, and that he had no authority in the premises.

A few minutes after 11 o'clock the commissioners took their seats. Senator Turner, on the extreme right; then Lord Alverstone, formerly of the Supreme Court of Quebec and professor of civil law; Elihu Root, Lord Alverstone, Senator Lodge, A. B. Aylesworth (who succeeded the late Justice Armour, of Canada, on the commission), Mr. Foster and Hon. Clifford Sifton, Canadian Minister of the Interior. The agents of the respective governments sat at the extreme right and left of the commissioners, while the counsel and the stenographers occupied desks facing the commissioners. Lord Alverstone, after briefly announcing that the commission was in session, stating that he had been selected as president, an honor he highly appreciated, and saying that Mr. Foster and Mr. Carter and Joseph Pope, his assistant secretaries, asked counsel when they desired to begin the oral argument.

Sir Robert B. Finlay, the Attorney-General, in behalf of the British commission, suggested that at least two weeks could be required for preparation, to which Judge John A. Dickson, representing the American counsel, assented, though he said the American counsel would be ready in a week. October 9 was fixed as the date when the oral argument would be finished. The commission decided to sit five days per week, commencing September 5, and excluding Sundays, and granted permission to admit a limited representation of the press.

It has been arranged that three counsel for each government shall make arguments, the British opening, and being followed alternately by Americans and British, the former securing the advantage of delivering the closing argument.

The commission then removed the injunction of secrecy of documents, lithographs exchanged, and the sitting was adjourned and the commissioners, agents and counsel proceeded to the quadrangle, where they were photographed.

FRENCH BAYONET AMERICANS.
Two U. S. Soldiers Seriously Wounded in a Fight at Pekin.

Pekin, Sept. 3.—In a fight today between fifteen French soldiers and four Americans, the French used bayonets and two of the Americans were seriously wounded.

Much Married Young Lady

Toronto Belle With Three Hus-
bands Is Charged With
Bigamy.

Four Prisoners Jump From
Train And Make Their
Escape.

A Writ Issued Against the Can-
ada Northern For Death
Claim.

Toronto, Sept. 3.—(Special).—W. H. White laid information in the police court today charging his wife with bigamy. White alleges that in November, 1890, the woman married one Piper, in October, 1902, one Munson, and a month later herself. The woman is but 35 years old. Her maiden name is Jane McConnell and she is a daughter of an East York well known.

A writ has been issued on behalf of Catharine Coffey, widow, against MacKenzie and MacKenzie, the Canadian Northern railway, claiming \$5,000 for the death of the woman's husband, Noezema Coffey, who was killed on the line near Port Arthur.

At a meeting of the County Law Libraries' Association held at Osgoode Hall today, resolutions were adopted favoring substantial increases in the salaries of all judges and the creation of municipal law. A resolution was also adopted declaring for the establishment of a Canadian divorce court.

Shortly after 10 o'clock a constable from Fort William were bringing four prisoners down to the Central Prison and the Kingston Penitentiary. They were: Thos. Burns, sentenced to four years for burglary; Alex. F. Duncan, two years for robbing of persons; Henry Johnson, five years for burglary; and John Foster, two years for robbing of persons. They were coming into the city this afternoon on the steamboat express, and between Toronto Junction and Parkdale the men, in some mysterious manner, saved their manacles and made a bolt for liberty. But Foster got away, jumping from the moving train and striking towards the open country.

The General Methodist Conference, Epworth League and Sunday School Board, opened its sessions here yesterday with a large attendance of delegates from all parts of Canada.

CONSERVATIVES NOMINATE.
Charlottetown, P. E. I., Sept. 3.—The Conservatives in convention today nominated Angus McLean and Alex. Martin to contest Queen's county at the next federal elections.

CHARGED WITH FORGERY.
Barrie, Sept. 3.—(Special).—E. B. Stogger, who came to Altondale from Washington two years ago with a young woman, who claimed to be his wife, was arrested on information from Washington for forgery in issuing a cheque for \$400.

SAILORS STRIKE.
Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 3.—In anger at the alleged poor rations served aboard their vessel, the crew of the United States lightship tender Hyacinth, went on strike last night. The Hyacinth is the supply boat for many lightships on Lake Michigan, and the safety of navigation upon the lake depends upon the ship being kept regularly in service.

FATALITIES YESTERDAY.
Maspheth, L. I., Sept. 3.—One woman was killed, many persons probably fatally injured and two others seriously hurt by an explosion in a building used in the manufacture of fireworks here yesterday afternoon. The building was badly shattered and the ruins caught fire. The body of the dead woman, Mary Montague, of Brooklyn, was burned in the flames.

Alexandria, Ont., Sept. 3.—An elderly man named Dewar, from Glen Norman, was killed near here last evening. He was walking home along the track when he was struck by the eastbound express.

Newark, N.J., Sept. 3.—A large boiler in the engine house of the establishment of the Hansen Vaukink Company exploded this afternoon, completely demolishing that building. Five men were seriously injured by the shock of the explosion or by being buried beneath a mass of debris.

Denver, Colorado, Sept. 3.—Mrs. Theodore Metcalf, wife of a bookbinder, was shot and killed "Lord Alverstone was shot and killed" by Mrs. Kate Meiner. The latter was arrested. The cause of the shooting is supposed to be jealousy.

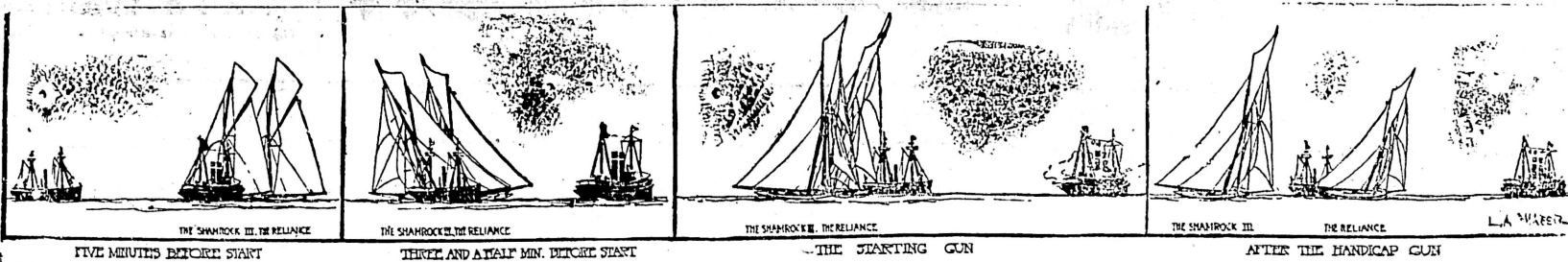
**GOVERNOR GENERAL
TAKEN TO TASK**
His Excellency's Speech At the
Montreal Banquet Dis-
pleases Critics.

Toronto, Sept. 3.—(Special).—The Globe, in discussing Lord Minto's recent utterances at Montreal on the trade question, says: "Lord Minto was dealing with a political question, which is highly controversial, not only here but in the Motherland. What would he have thought or said if he knew some public opinion espoused the cause of Mr. Chamberlain? What would he have said if he used the language of Lord King, of course, would he so advise, but if he ventured on such a course the great esteem in which he is held would not save him from general censure. It may be a hardship that the governor-general must necessarily be restricted in his utterances, but it is a restriction to which the King of England submits, and it can scarcely be objected to by the King's representative."

BICYCLISTS INJURED.
Collide on Down Grade at Nanaimo With Serious Results.

Nanaimo, B. C., Sept. 3.—(Special).—Two miners riding bicycles to work this afternoon collided while traveling swiftly down hill. Both were flung off with great violence and sustained serious injuries. One, Charles Scott, was flung against a telegraph pole and had his skull cracked in. He now lies in a critical condition at the local hospital.

How Captain Barr Outgeneralled His British Rival.



The Last of The Agony

Spectacular Finish of Lipton's Final Attempt to Lift the Cup.

For One Hour Racers Rush Blindly Through Dense Bank of Fog.

Out-Footed Out-Pointed And Out-Classed Shamrock Fails to Cross.

The Reliance, the American cup defender, today won the third and final race and the series for the America's cup. In a dense fog, which prevented vision beyond 200 yards, she finished the race at 5:30:02. Shamrock III, after running for more than an hour in the fog missed the finish line, passed by it, and then returned to it from the opposite direction. The Reliance was then being towed through the fleet, the Shamrock did not cross the finish line.

This successful result was achieved only after four futile attempts to sail off the final race and then the outcome had been decided by the British captain. It was a foregone conclusion. Today's race was the eighth attempt to sail the race. After one fluke the Reliance won the two following contests by seven minutes, and three seconds, and the other one minute and nineteen seconds.

A week ago today the attempt to sail the third race failed and attempts have been made every day this week. On two occasions the Reliance led the Shamrock to the finish line, by about two miles, but failed to reach it before the expiration of the time limit of five and a half hours.

Today's victory means that the cup is destined to stay in American until England produces a genius equal to Herreshoff in yacht designing. Rarely, if ever, has there been a more spectacular finish than the Reliance's today. After sailing for more than an hour at terrific speed, through a blinding fog, the Reliance burst through the wall of mist upon the view of the spectators on the fleet assembled for the race. The Reliance was then being towed through the fleet, the Shamrock did not cross the finish line. The Reliance was then being towed through the fleet, the Shamrock did not cross the finish line.

The duel between the skippers began at the sound of the preparatory gun, and continued throughout a series of brilliant manoeuvres, in which Captain Barr improved his splendid seamanship by outgeneralising Captain Wringe. During the fifteen minutes before the starting gun, Captain Barr held the British boat under his lee, and for most of the time he kept her in that position, which he held when the preparatory gun was fired.

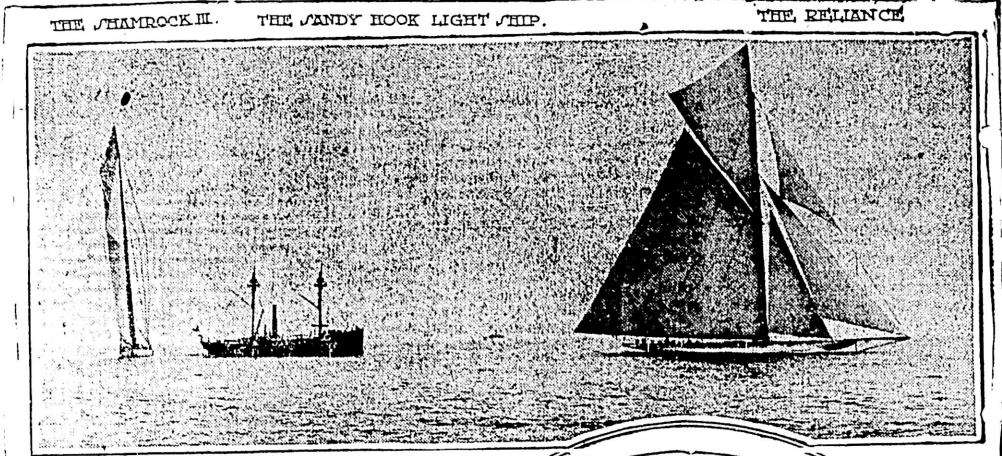
Ten minutes later both boats were heading away from the line; the Shamrock luffed and forced the Reliance about. The Reliance held her under her lee.

They crossed the line together. The official time was, Reliance, 1:05:56; Shamrock III, 1:02:00.

The Shamrock actually crossed the line at 1:02:43, but the handicap of three seconds. Both were heading seaward, but as the Reliance was backingwind her headsails, the Shamrock promptly luffed about and headed down the Jersey coast. The Reliance held on for a minute, then followed. The manoeuvre placed the Reliance to windward but astern of the Shamrock.

They went off at a swift pace in a freshening breeze. Captain Wringe attempted to outsize the defender by giving his boat a good full, while Captain Barr pinched the Reliance close to the wind and cleverly nursed her toward the turning mark. The Shamrock III, at first footed faster, but the Reliance more than made it good by outpointing her.

For more than an hour they sailed down past the shore of Sandi Bay and the Highlands of Navesink to Seabright, and during all that time the Reliance steadily worked up to windward of the better challenger, and pointing and out-footing her at the same time and passing to windward of her. When they tacked off Seabright, heading seaward, the American boat had gained a quarter of a mile straight to windward of the British craft. On this new tack Captain Wringe again gave his boat a good full, and she shot through the Reliance's lead at an alarming rate, but all to no purpose. When at 3:10 both boats headed off to the mark six miles away, the Reliance was a good mile ahead and gaining.



CROWING THE LINE AT THE START



THE RELIANCE FINISHING

As the boats started the run homeward under spinnakers and balloon jib-booms, a split about three feet appeared in the front of the Reliance's spinnaker, but as it drew well, Captain Barr continued to carry it.

For three-quarters of an hour the only variation was a slow gain by the leading boat. The sky was clear and the sun shone brightly. The Reliance was then being towed through the fleet, the Shamrock did not cross the finish line.

One by one the vessels of the fleet disappeared from view, until the only evidence of their presence was the hoarse howling of their warning whistles as they scurried off in search of the old red lightship. The two racers sailed in that dangerous fashion at top speed for an hour. Meanwhile the Navigators, carrying the regatta committee, hunted for the light-ship to establish the finish line. It was 5:20 before she found it, and the fleet began to gather about her. All was a black wall of fog. Ten minutes they waited, then the Reliance, heeling low before the wind, her sails billowing hard, came racing through the fog, her spinnaker, with her great jib topsail billowing out, on her bowsprit as she fled across the line down through the line of yachts to victory. The whistles of every craft in the fleet opened wide in recognition of her achievement.

The Reliance's tug searched the fleet for the racer, and then towed her through it, with yachting engines chattering from her mast and spreaders, while flags appeared at various points on the spars and rigging of the Corvairs and the whistles of the fleet again sounded the defender.

Meantime the regatta committee's tug whistled shrilly in its guiding signals to the missing Shamrock. The Reliance sailed on for more than an hour at terrific speed, through a blinding fog, the Reliance burst through the wall of mist upon the view of the spectators on the fleet assembled for the race.

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Miners Repudiate The Socialists

Grand Forks Workers Withdraw From Federation in Disgust.

Typical Prospector Receives Reward of Many Years of Labor.

Grand Forks, B. C., Sept. 3.—A number of former members of the local branch of the American Labor Union, having dissatisfied with the stand taken in putting forward an avowed Socialist as their candidate at the forthcoming provincial election for the Grand Forks riding, have severed their connection with that organization, and have formed a local branch of the Dominion Trades and Labor Congress, of which organization Thos. Fulton was recently appointed organizer for this district. At a recent meeting of those interested after the objects of the labor congress had been fully explained and a number of those present had given their views as to what a labor union should endeavor to secure, the local branch of the Trades and Labor Congress was formed. It was decided to name as their union the "Grand Forks Socialist Federal Union of the Dominion Labor Congress." The new organization will be of a non-political character.

A syndicate organized by W. N. Hunter, of Greenwood, has purchased the Jackpot fraction, adjoining the Atholstan mine, Wellington camp. The syndicate has invested \$15,000. Farrell, the late owner, received \$3,000 cash, and \$5,000 is due in thirty days, and the balance thirty days later. The same syndicate is operating the Atholstan mine on a working bond, and making daily shipments of 55 tons of ore that averages 30 per ton. The Jackpot, when relocated by Farrell last spring, had been abandoned as worthless by the former owners. Farrell, whilst walking up the wagon road, espied a high showing under the roots of a pine tree, and in a recent storm he stripped it and uncovered an ore body 300 feet wide. The ore is identical with that of the Atholstan and the same in gold value. The work of quarrying ore from the Jackpot was started the day after the deal was closed. The smelting rate amounts to a trifle over \$8.00 per ton. The ore nets about \$5.50 per ton. Farrell is a typical prospector who has held down claims in Wellington camp for ten years. He leaves shortly for Ashland, Wisconsin, on a visit to his aged mother, whom he has not seen since his departure from home over twenty years ago.

WINNIPEG WIRINGS. Faithful Servant Rewarded—Expedition Returns From Arctic Ocean.

Winnipeg, Sept. 3.—Frank Walsh, after twenty years' service, has been employed as a district superintendent of the Bell Telephone Company. The company has granted him a retiring allowance of \$2,000 for the balance of his life. C. Patterson, Brandon, is Mr. Walsh's successor.

A French Catholic church will be established in the city.

Mr. Oliver, M. P., to do what he can to have a military post established in that northern town.

The Chicago Furniture Company intends to establish a branch factory here to employ 150 hands.

Colonel Containe, of Port Saskatchewan, has just returned from a mission to the far north. He was despatched by the Dominion government to investigate a report that United States whalers were at Herschel Island, a point at the very mouth of the Mackenzie River, on the Arctic Ocean, and were selling liquor to the natives there and generally debauching them. He found that the report was not correct and that there were no whalers there.

A change in the Dominion Express company has been made in the West. General Superintendent Ford after September 1st will have charge from Sudbury to Moosejambie, and from there to the Coast will be directed by A. C. Stewart, of Montreal, with headquarters in Vancouver. This is owing largely to increased business on the Western division.

Yesterday morning the Northern Elevator, Carman Roller Mills and Farmers' home were destroyed by fire. Loss, \$18,000 on mill, insured for \$10,000; on elevator, \$5,000; on Farmers' home, \$3,000.

The Brandon Board of Trade entertained a luncheon to the Chambers of Commerce (Congress) to drive over the experimental farm and dinner in the city hall in the evening.

Stanley Bell, fell from the roof of the British Columbia American bank building and was seriously injured.

Judge Perline was sworn in yesterday as a judge of King's bench by Chief Justice Duff.

The inland revenue returns for August were \$70,000; a year ago, \$57,500.

TURKS MASSACRE MANY VILLAGERS

Cordon Guards a Settlement After Butchery of its Inhabitants.

London, Sept. 3.—The Daily Mail correspondent, in a despatch from Monastir, dated August 31, tells of an ineffectual attempt made to penetrate the Albanian cordon and reach Armentso. He was threatened with death, and compelled to return under a guard. He gives numerous instances of Turkish brutality and treachery. The villagers of Armentso were massacred before a single insurgent visited the place. The inhabitants of the village of Nevolkas were butchered while on their way to Florina, continues the correspondent. The Christians are in a state of abject fear, and are handicapped by a bigoted Greek Metropolitan who orders them to stay in the villages and not to flee, with the result that the savage soldiers murdered them by scores. The European residents of Monastir, including the consuls, are in a state of great anxiety. Many, including the Italian consul,

Lardeau Mines B. C. Marksmen Consolidation Do Handsomely

Large Minneapolis Corporation Absorbs Valuable Group of Properties. Provincial Team Win London Merchants Cup and Other Prizes.

Ample Money to Develop Claims and Erect Smelter Works. Premier Tells Canadian Papers to Make own Summary of Alaska Case.

Rosland, Sept. 3.—The Rosland Miner announces the organization of the Kootenay Consolidated Mining Company with headquarters in Minneapolis. The company is a merger of half a dozen well-known Lardeau gold and silver lead mines, and ranks with the most important mining deals in the province. It is easily the largest merger ever put through on the side of the tunnel on the same high-grade ore as on the Lardeau, and has potentialities of the greatest importance to the whole district. Judge J. W. Miller was instrumental in putting through the deal. The Kootenay Consolidated absorbs the following Lardeau properties: Old Gold, Primrose, Mountain Lion, Treadwell, Black

Warrior, Lardeau-Duncan, Guinea Gold Extension, Spring gun, Sundry Moon, Comstock, Rio Grande, Baltimore, and Amazon. Old Gold and Primrose have already shipped one year's returns of over \$100 per ton, and a large tonnage is stored at the mine awaiting shipment. The Black Warrior, Mountain Lion, and Treadwell have considerable ore bodies broken out, and are in train to the smelter. The remaining properties have strong surface showings.

Minneapolis capitalists are behind the merger, among them being Dr. C. S. Dufferin, Col. H. L. Archer, H. S. Dufferin, and M. C. Miller. The new company have mapped out a comprehensive programme for the properties mentioned. Development of the mines is to be pushed ahead, and the erection of a smelter and the construction of tramways are contemplated, together with the development of water power. Ample capital has been subscribed to put the plans in operation. The smelter will probably be established at or near the head of Kootenay lake, with tram lines radiating to the mines.

The consolidation is a fitting climax to the unremitting labors of Judge Miller, who operated Old Gold and Primrose continuously for five years. Work was never suspended, although Judge Miller frequently liquidated the operating expenses out of his own purse.

NOT AFRAID TO ENDORSE IT. People have learned to have such confidence in Dr. Chase's Ointment as a cure for every form of piles that they do not hesitate to endorse it at every opportunity. As a result, Dr. Chase's Ointment is probably recommended by more persons than any preparation on the market today. There is no guesswork about its efficacy. Relief is prompt and cure certain.

Manila, Sept. 3.—The legislative council for the Moro province have been organized in accordance with bill recently enacted by the Philippine commission. The council is composed of a governor, treasurer, engineer, attorney, and superintendent of schools, and no direct conflict with American laws. Gen. Leonard Wood reports a feeling of unrest among the native inhabitants of Moro province, and upon his request an additional battery has been dispatched from Manila. The Jolo constabulary have come in conflict with a body of in-Lazuna Do Bay, and killed twenty of them during a sharp engagement. The constabulary had one man killed during the fight. The reinforcements have left Manila for the scene of the disturbance. The insurgents have taken up a strong position in the mountains which flank the Laguna.

San Francisco, Sept. 3.—The California Promotion Company has sent a telegram to the president of the New York Yacht Club inviting the club to select San Francisco harbor as the next course for the contest for the America's cup.

ORGANIZING FILIPINOS. Manila, Sept. 3.—The legislative council for the Moro province have been organized in accordance with bill recently enacted by the Philippine commission. The council is composed of a governor, treasurer, engineer, attorney, and superintendent of schools, and no direct conflict with American laws.

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SPECIAL Saturday Sales

OF HOLIDAY NEEDS

These Saturday Special Sales have become popular, because of their economical values and the sterling quality of the goods offered. Here's a fresh batch for tomorrow.

SALE OF LADIES' NECKWEAR At reduced prices.....25c, 65c, 75c, \$1.00

SALE OF LADIES' BELTS At reduced prices.....35c, 65c

SALE OF HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR 35c Ladies' Hose at 20c; 15c Ladies' Vests at 10c

SALE OF SHIRT WAISTS At reduced prices.....25c, 45c, 75c

SALE OF BOYS' CLOTHING At reduced prices.....\$1.45, \$2.45

SALE OF MEN'S NECKWEAR At reduced prices.....25c, 45c

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BREWERS OF English Ale and Stout

Manufactured from the highest grades of Malt and Hops. Bottled at the Brewery, for sale at all leading Clubs, Restaurants and Saloons. Ask your Grocer for it, or 'phone 893. All orders promptly attended to.

WE SELL

The Ball Bearing Lawn Sprinklers, the best in use; The Woodyatt Lawn Mowers; The Best Box Grass Catchers; The King Rubber Hose; The Great Majestic Ranges; The Mason Fruit Jars; The Tin Top Jelly Glasses; Rubber Rings, all sizes; Screen Doors and Windows. All Standard Goods of Best Value.

GEO. POWELL & CO., CHEAPSIDE, 127 GOVERNMENT ST.

DINNEFORD'S

The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, Bilious Affections.

Safest and most Gentle Medicine for Infants, Children, Delicate Females, and the Sickness of Pregnancy.

DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA

DIED. PORTER—At the Royal Jubilee Hospital on the 2nd inst., James Townley Porter, a native of Boston, Lincolnshire, England, aged 65 years.

have recently been insulted by soldiers. Operation commenced last Thursday on an organized scale against the insurgents and bodies of troops are operating in all directions, but no details have yet arrived.

Sofia, Sept. 3.—A council, presided over by Prince Ferdinand, and attended by the Premiers and Ministers of Interior, War and Justice, was held at the Palace of Enkharod, near Varna today. The announcement of the result of the deliberations was anxiously awaited here.

More definite news was received today regarding the operations of the insurgents, across the frontier. Bands varying in strength are daily passing over the border. The insurgents' general staff has issued a proclamation throughout Macedonia asking for the support of the whole population, and pointing out that the revolutionaries are not fighting a neighboring power, but for human rights.

More fighting is reported from the district of Debro. The Turks attacked the revolutionaries at the village of Jambeuk, and both sides suffered heavy losses. A company of Albanian troops, passing through the valley of Kisevo, was slaughtered by revolutionaries where the Turkish troops recently made an attack on a pass occupied by insurgents but were defeated with great loss.

Constantinople, Sept. 3.—Official reports say that the Turks are re-occupying Klissura, Albania. Killed, 200 insurgents. It is also stated that the inhabitants of the coast villages are returning to their homes.

Vienna, Sept. 3.—It is reported from Belgrade that the Serbian officers, who were not condemned in the recent coup d'etat are demanding a court martial of the conspirators. If their demand is refused they will resign their commissions.

Before leaving Vienna King Edvard had a conference with the Premier on the Balkan situation. It is semi-officially stated that the King expressed his approval of the attitude of Bulgaria, and declared that Great Britain adhered to the Russo-Austrian policy.

Piles TO prove to you that Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for each and every form of Piles, bleeding and protruding piles, see our money back if not cured. 60c a box, 75c a dozen. CHASE'S OINTMENT, BATES & CO., Toronto.

Boys' Bathing Trunks, 5c, 10c, 15c; Boys' Bathing Suits, 50c per suit. B. Williams & Co.

Preliminary Notice I.O.G.T. A grand concert will be held at the Masonic Hall, Esquimaux, on Thursday next, 10th inst., at 8 p. m. An excellent programme is in preparation. Many of the items being supplied by H. M. S. Flora, including a hypnotic performance. A very pleasant evening is looked forward to. Only a limited number of tickets will be sold. Reserved seats 50 cents. Remainder of hall 25 cents.

Properties For Sale. Residence lots on Gorge Road and Victoria Arm. Section XX, Victoria District, 40 acres. Section XVI, Esquimaux District, 23 acres. Section IV, Sooke District, 79 acres. Offers to purchase same will be received by J. STUART YATES

The Colonist.

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The above will be paid for information that will lead to the conviction of any one stealing "The Colonist" from a subscriber's door. Subscribers missing their paper, or where paper is not delivered on time, are requested to notify the business office. In case of non-delivery a second copy will be delivered free of charge.

A LOOPHOLE OFFERED.

The Toronto News, the strongest apologist and exponent of the government's railway policy in Canada, attempts to defend the Moncton to Winnipeg section, on the ground of its affording an outlet by an all-Canadian route for the products of the Northwest to the Atlantic ocean. It has not, however, sufficient hardihood to suggest the possibility of this unless the railway exhibits a perfection as to the grades and curves not approached by any other Canadian railway. According to the News' idea, twenty-one feet to the mile should be the maximum grade, and the newspaper suggests that a clause should be inserted in the contract that, "if the engineers ascertain that by reason of natural obstacles, such a standard cannot be attained the obligation to construct the Eastern division shall lapse." The Grand Trunk Pacific promoters certainly do not want the Eastern division. Portland, Maine, is their objective point on the Atlantic coast, not Halifax, Nova Scotia. They would only be too glad to be relieved of the obligation to operate such a road. If they had wanted it, they would have been ready to build it upon a guarantee of three-fourths of its cost. This suggestion on the part of the Toronto News, which is the organ of the Grand Trunk Pacific promoters, is premature. It lets the cat out of the bag. It reveals the Eastern division in its true colors, as a device by which the Maritime provinces were to be jockeyed into supporting a proposal which will pass Canadian ports over in favor of Portland, Maine. It is certainly a great deal better that the Canadian ports should be passed over without the expenditure of a hundred million dollars, than that the money should be spent and the ports passed over all the same. It is openly alleged in the Eastern press, generally, that the government has no intention whatever of ever constructing the Moncton to Winnipeg line, and that fact explains its indifference to the destruction of the Intercolonial, and to the possession of such information as is usually deemed necessary by those who contemplate the building of railways. The whole proposition, in this view of the case, narrows itself down to the assistance of a company with close relations to the Grand Trunk railway to build from Winnipeg to the Pacific coast. The actual conditions of such assistance contain no very remarkable features and the railway will be welcomed by the western portion of Canada. But this railway, while right enough from a sectional point of view, will have the result of establishing a transcontinental system of railway transportation, having one terminus at Port Simpson, British Columbia, and the other at Portland, Maine. That is antinational undesirable. It is in this respect that the railway policy of Mr. Borden is in such refreshing contrast to that of the government. It presents equal advantages to the West, and to Canada as a whole, it opens up a truly national development of transportation facilities.

JUPITER TONAT.

The Right Honorable Mr. Chamberlain is dead, politically and scientifically dead. We infer this from the fact that fourteen university professors and teachers of political economy in Great Britain have issued a joint fulmination against his Imperial policy. We have the greatest respect for professors and teachers of the science of political economy. But they should never forget what the science of political economy is, and also what it is not. The tendency to substitute economics for politics is not confined to teachers of that science, but this fulmination of the fourteen professors is the most barefaced and ludicrous substitution of the wrong science for the solution of a problem we have ever heard of. Politics is the science of human relations as modified by man's cohesion in communities and states. Political economy is the science of man as a producing and consuming animal. It treats of man precisely as a farmer considers a cow. So much food, so much milk, so much meat, so much hide, so much tallow. The farmer balances the food against the milk, meat, hide and tallow, and there is something over, his own profit in the beast. But when political economy balances the production and consumption of man, to what human profit and loss account, does it carry the balance? Political economy is the science of the relation of man's energies to his appetites, and unless the end of his existence is the exertion of his energy for the satisfaction of his appetite, political economy cannot afford the complete rationale of his existence. To imagine that it does is the error of many political economists. They exalt a science, a very important science, of a subsidiary human relation into a philosophy of all human relations. If you ask a political economist whether a man produces in order that he may consume, or consumes in order that he may produce, you impale the whole science upon the horns

of a dilemma for those who claim that political economy is the thread that simplifies the Cretan labyrinth of human existence. Political economy begins by eliminating love, pity, racial pride, and patriotism from influence upon human affairs. It is a science founded upon the cosmopolitanism of the human stomach. While we admit the cosmopolitanism of the human stomach, we deny that a complete science of the relations of all human beings, or even of any number of human beings, can be deduced from it. It can be proved by political economy that a man offends against the human stomach in general, by putting food into the stomach of a starving man. It can be proved by political economy that the race is marching through over population to deterioration and extinction through insufficient bodily nourishment. These extraordinary things are proved by the elimination of factors from the problem which entirely modify the result. One of the factors eliminated by political economy is the decision of human beings into tribes, nations and states. To the political economist the state is an aberration, a useless eccentricity, except in so far as it gives protection to economic processes. Naturally, to a person of this kind, a national or Imperial policy is a quite incomprehensible vagary. To such an extent have the dicta of this quaint and curious science, with its false completeness, dominated men's minds, that it is considered necessary to give every proposal an economic justification as the ultimate measure of its advantage, even, although, men's actions are really dominated to a very considerable degree by economic considerations. Political economists have been so flattered by the popular attitude towards them, that they have ceased to be men of science, and have become dogmatic exponents of what the St. James Gazette calls "The Holy and Orthodox Economic Church." The public is as much to blame as those fourteen simple-minded professors, for their pitifully ludicrous exorcism of Mr. Chamberlain. The language of the London Times, in reference to it, is no whit too strong. "There is," it says, "really something pathetic in the spectacle of these fourteen dervishes emerging from their caves and chanting in solemn procession their venerable incantations against the rising tide of inquiry. For what they have really tried to do is to stop inquiry by declaring the final conclusions of their own secluded cogitations. What they have really done is to step out of a charmed circle in which they wield a conventional authority, and to come down into the market-place where their chief claim to attention is the oddity of their garb and the archaic character of their speech."

PARTY POLITICS.

Party politics is the most workable system yet introduced for the administration of public affairs, but it sometimes produces anomalies. In Great Britain today there is a spirit of wild rage fermenting underneath the surface of the provisions of the present government's Education Act. Rightly or wrongly, a section of the people, who are a tremendous power because of their earnestness and zeal, are determined by political action to free themselves from the operation of this, to them, obnoxious measure. The phenomenon of "passive resistance" now visible in Great Britain is one of which we did not think these days were capable. One week we read of a large audience collected outside a court in which "passive resistors" were being tried, and singing hymns to the disturbance of the court. We do not like this symptom. Scotch Presbyterians and French Calvinists sing "psalms and hymns and spiritual songs" to this day when they are going into battle. Cromwell's dragoons sang psalms as they tightened their girths. There is a note in that music that has been heard before, and has disturbed more than lawcourts. We should prefer to have a mob armed with shotguns disturbing a court, than an orderly crowd of English nonconformists singing hymns. Prudence would suggest the locking up of these courts upon the outside, and the throwing away of the key. Our studies in history have convinced us that people who sing hymns upon public occasions of a singular character are getting ready to fight. The next week we read of an auction sale of the effects of fifteen "passive resistors," where a large staff of police were required to keep back a crowd of two thousand people. The crowd made a rush for the auctioneer, who drew a revolver, and was only with difficulty prevented by the police from making use of it. The sale did not take place. In every case the populace appears to be on the side of the "passive resistors," and against the law. The meaning of all this is that the Education Act is a political-religious issue, upon which, to a very large extent, the next election will be fought. Meantime Mr. Chamberlain has introduced an entirely different issue of Imperial union. In what position is a voter going to be who approves of Mr. Chamberlain's policy, and disapproves of the Education Act, if he has to make a choice between a candidate who approves of neither? There is no possible connection between the two. Yet it remains as one of the anomalies of party politics that an Imperial policy satisfactory to the country as a whole, may have its adoption threatened by an Educational policy thoroughly obnoxious to a large part of the electorate.

THE YACHT RACE.

The same inglorious fate has overtaken Shamrock Third as overtook Shamrock First and Shamrock Second. High hopes were built upon each vessel, but they have successively disappointed their eager backers. Various explanations have been given of Great Britain's repeated failures to win the cup. The wind, the ocean voyage of the challenger, its captain and crew, have all served their turn, and on one occasion we had a most unseemly international altercation over the encroachments of excursion steamers. As we know absolutely nothing about yachts or yachting, our opinion is probably worth as much as that of anyone else. It is that the cause of failure lies in the boats themselves. The series of races just concluded has proved nothing, to

our mind, except the all-important fact that the Rannoch is a speedier boat than Shamrock. The cause of that is another question. Great Britain is just as keen on the event as the United States. Sir Thomas Lipton had just as much money to spend as anybody in the United States. Now, you can buy the best possible navigating skill, you can buy the best possible material, but you cannot buy brains. The brains to evolve and improve the speediest type of boat is produced are what cannot be bought with money. That qualification for victory the United States happens to possess, not as a characteristic of the country, but through the, we might say, the accidental genius of an individual. The honors lie with the man who designed Reliance, and with Sir Thomas Lipton. For to lose with dignity is no mean accomplishment. Sir Thomas Lipton has never during all the time he has been in the public eye as the bearer of the challenge for the cup, has never done anything, nor said a word, that was not in the best possible taste. He has been a very worthy representative of the best traditions of British sport.

We forbear to comment upon the twisted description of the British case on the subject of boundary question which has reached us through the Associated Press from American sources. The only fact which appears is that a number of original documents have been produced and have been incorporated in the British case because they fully bear out the contentions of the United States. This we decline to swallow as "news."

PRESS COMMENT.

The mufli of Turkey at Washington, answering the complaint of the United States, says: "When the missionary comes to Turkey he should confine himself to the religious and intellectual training of his pupils, and not endeavor to make them acquainted with their present form of government." And yet what can be done for the religious and intellectual training of pupils in Turkey unless they are first made acquainted with their present form of government, in which are all abominations? What is needed in Turkey is the advent of new ideas, the power of criticism to support the missionaries who are making the people dissatisfied with their present form of government.—Portland Oregonian.

Sir Thomas Lipton shows how well it pays to take defeat cheerfully. If he were disposed to be sour at this time the ridicule would be overwhelming. As it is, he is every body's friend. He is a man of some outlook for combination of circumstances he should succeed in winning the cup. Learn a lesson from Sir Thomas. When you are beaten, don't grumble; don't get sour.—Chicago Record Herald.

The people of the province of Panama are bitterly incensed over the refusal of the Colombian congress to ratify the Panama canal treaty and are ripe for an armed revolt. There has been all along the threat that should the canal treaty be rejected, Panama would secede from Colombia, set up an independent government of its own and deal directly with the United States for the cutting of the canal. There seems at this moment a reasonable good chance that the people of Panama will try to execute this threat.—Seattle P.I.

CONCERNING LABOR.

Montreal Gazette.
The recommendations made by the Royal Commission that investigated the recent labor troubles in British Columbia are of more than passing interest. They strike at the heart of the present labor difficulty—the lack of local responsibility on the part of the unions for their acts. The commission proposes to remedy this grave defect by the incorporation of the unions. The unions object to incorporation. Openly they advance as a reason against it the fear that incorporation would make them the targets of a "hate" campaign. Their benefit funds would be seized to make good any judgments against them. The commission suggests a remedy for this anticipated abuse. Funds for benefit should be vested in trustees nominated for that purpose, and they should not be liable to answer any judgments other than such as may be rendered in litigation relating to such funds. In other words, the only persons who could levy or attempt to levy upon these funds would be dissatisfied beneficiaries. Such a situation, if it were subject to repeated litigation and exhausted by a series of appeals by wealthy employers. Answering this the commission says: "As to this it could be provided that if the union were successful in the first instance, there should be no appeal except by leave of the judge appointing from, or of the Court of Appeal, and that either could, in any case, in which it might appear to be just, require the appellant to pay all costs in any such appeal, and in the event of appeal, for which cause there is ample precedent in the practice of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council. This is a reasonable suggestion. There remain, therefore, only the objections to incorporation which the unions do not openly advance. Chief among these is the recognition of the fact that the present status of the unions enables them to continue and advocate acts which, if they possessed a legal responsibility, would be clearly imprudent. Such, for instance, would be a strike for "recognition." "Recognition" is also discussed by the commission, but they do not appear to have grasped the full meaning of the term, defining it as the assertion of the right to make a collective bargain. If this was all implied by recognition, it would be of secondary importance. But it is not. The "recognition" the union seeks is not merely the acknowledgment of the right to make a collective bargain, but also of the right of the union to the monopoly of employment. Nine unions out of ten refuse to make a collective bargain with an employer unless he will consent to make it a condition that the employer shall not employ only members of the contracting union, but members in good standing; that is, that loyalty to the obligations of the union shall be a condition of employment. The employer's right to seek employment, but having obtained it, to retain it regardless of his efficiency. The argument on the union side is that such a condition is that unless the monopoly of employment is granted them it will be impossible for them to hold the men to the contract agreement. This is rubbish. No employer who grants the union the monopoly of employment should hold the men to the contract agreement. It is but right that the union should demand that non-union labor should receive the same pay as union labor, for this protects the union very largely from discrimination. The union brotherhoods do not demand the monopolization of labor, but they do require that the scale paid the union man shall be paid the non-union man. The monopoly of the employer in the union is a matter that lies between the union and the employer and with which the employer has no concern. As long as he lives up to the terms of his contract with the union he is guaranteed the loyalty of the union men, regardless of what the non-union men may do. That is all he has any right to demand. But the ordinary union fights shy of this liberality and relies upon coercion. If it uses the weapon not only to fight the employer, but also to enslave the worker. When and wherever it can it declares that the union man and the non-union man shall not work together. It is distinctly illegal, and it is because incorporation would render this illegal practice impossible that the unions shrink slightly object to that incorporation. A law which would make it illegal for an employer to enter into an agreement with a union or its representatives to employ only union men, would solve many difficulties of the labor question, seeing that it would ensure the protection of free labor from the assaults of the unions. The union men still possess the right to contract with the employer for the payment of a minimum wage, and as to the conditions of employment, and would retain the right to strike if this agreement was violated by the payment of smaller

wages or the employment of non-union men under less favorable conditions. Though it falls to deal with the most notorious interpretation of "recognition," it must not be taken for granted that the report does not cover the relations of union and non-union men. It goes so far as to recommend that strikes for solely because of the employment of non-union labor ought to be made punishable by law. "A number of Protestant workmen," it declares, "might just as well claim a right to force the employer to discharge or refuse employment to Roman Catholics, as union men claim a right to force the employer to discharge or refuse employment to so-called scabs." Such a claim has no foundation whatever, either in law, reason, or morals, and is opposed to the fundamental rights of a free people and amounts to a tyrannical attack on the rights of others."

It is sufficient to show that the omission of this aspect of the situation—the employer contracting himself out of the provisions of the law—was merely accidental. There is so much sound sense in the report of this commission that it will be most unfortunate if it does not receive more attention than is usually accorded public documents of a like nature.

A copy of Hawthorne's rarest book, "Fanshawe," was sold in Boston recently for \$50.

Japanese is the latest language to be added to the list at the University of Chicago. The Bodleian library at Oxford is three centuries old. It is the largest university library in the world.

Lon tapers frequently perfume themselves with lavender. There is no record of a lion's ever having attacked a trainer who had taken the precaution of using this perfume. Horses are also delighted with certain perfumes—among others, with oil of rhodium.

Among the great physicians Sir Oliver Lodge believes in telepathy and Sir William Crookes in ghosts. Lord Kelvin believes in "Science positively confirmed creative power," and Sir William Thistleton-Dyer, the director of Kew botanical gardens, complains that Kelvin "wipes a stroke of the pen the whole position Darwin won for us," and Professor Lankaster, director of the British Museum, says he does not know of any one less modern among modern biologists who is showing signs of coming to a belief in the existence of a vital principle.

Sir John Cockburn, an eminent English medical authority, says women are less nervous, and therefore better fitted to be surgeons than men.

Miss Jessie Gibson of Indianapolis, who recently graduated from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, has just entered into partnership with her father and is the first woman architect in Indianapolis.

The official designation of the head of the hierarchy of the Catholic church is as follows: His Holiness, the Pope, Bishop of Rome and Vicar of Jesus Christ, successor to St. Peter, Prince of the Apostles, Supreme Pontiff of the Universal Church, patriarch of the West, primate of Italy, Archbishop and Metropolitan of the Roman See.

RIASIBILITIES.
"Are they affiliates?"
"Oh, yes; each thinks the other has money."—Puck.

"If my money is the only thing you married me for, I think we had better separate at once."
"How much would you be willing to separate from?"—Exchange.

Ann Margaret—And if you're good—real good—you'll go to heaven.
Little Dorothy—Oh! is that all? I thought maybe you were going to say you'd give me a quarter.—Puck.

"That man says you are reckless in making promises."
"That's where he is wrong," answered Senator Sorghum. "One of the most careful and indiscreet things a man in politics can do is to refuse to promise."—Washington Star.

Pellow-Harvey, Bryant & Gilman
PROVINCIAL ASSAYERS.
Mining Engineers and Metallurgists
Ores analyzed. Control assays. Patents and examinations. Trial shipments. Smelter tests. Vancouver, B. C.

160 ACRES
Twenty-five acres ploughed, clear of stumps, and fenced, good land. Nice orchard, 4-roomed log house. New barn, 20x50, good feed.

Price \$3,000
Situate Galiano Island.

6WINERTON & ODDY
102 Government Street.

Collegiate School
For Boys
The Laurels, Belcher Street.

Victoria, B. C.
PATRON AND VISITOR.
THE LORD BISHOP OF COLUMBIA.

STAFF:
J. W. Laing, Esq., M. A., Oxon, Head Master.

Rev. C. Ensor, Sharp, M. A., Oxtford. C. H. Jackson, Esq., B. A., Cantab. A. M. Bell, Esq., B. A., Toronto. Moderate terms for boarders and day scholars. Recent successes include Naval and Military Cadetships and open Scholarships. The Christmas term will commence on Monday, September 14, 1903, at 2:30 p.m. in new residence; three acres, extensive recreation grounds; spacious school buildings; gymnasium. Apply to Head Master.

OREGON. PORTLAND.
St. Helen's Hall.
A Select Home Boarding School for Girls. Situated in the best residential portion of City of Portland, Oregon. Modern, comfortable building. Instruction thorough and individual. Pupils accepted without extra expense. Book of information sent on application. ELEANOR TIBBETTS.

St. Ann's School
Quamilehan, B. C.
A Boarding School for girls, with department for orphans, pleasantly located at three miles from Duncan Station. Primary and Preparatory English Course. Competent instructors for piano and needlework. Cutting and fitting also taught. Board and tuition, \$10.00 a month. For particulars, address: SISTER SUPERIOR, Tzouhlem P. O.

CROFTON HOUSE
VANCOUVER, B. C.
A Boarding and Day School for Girls. The Michaelmas Term will begin on Wednesday, September 2.

For all particulars apply to the principal, MISS GORDON, (Late of Newham College, Cambridge).

SPENCER'S

WESTERN CANADA'S BIG STORE.

Pushing Summer Goods==Showing New Things

50 cents
For Men's Colored Shirts
value \$1.00.

50 cents
For Ladies' Lace Lisle
Thread Hose, value \$1.00.

2,000 Pairs of Slippers on
sale today. Prices 50c. to \$1.50
a pair.

15 cents
For 20c. and 25c. Curtain
Muslins, 2nd floor.

See Broad Street Window For Extra Values in

Linoleums & Oilcloths
25c., 50c. and 85c. sq. yd.

MISS WALKER,
Piano Studio,
238 Fort Street

Studio reopens Sept. 1st. Classes in Theory. Ensemble playing free to all pupils.
Business hour 11:30, Wednesdays and Saturdays excepted.

Victoria Day School
FOR GIRLS
10 Harrison Street.
CONDUCTED BY

MRS. BLANKLOCK, Principal.
MRS. MESSENGER, Assistant Teacher.
The Michaelmas Term will begin on Wednesday, September 10th, 1903. For all particulars apply to the Principal, Mrs. Blanklock, 238 Fort Street.

King's College School
VANCOUVER, B. C.
A superior school for the education of young gentlemen.
Further information on application to REV. C. J. BRENTON, M. A., Head Master.

MISS ARCHBUTT
Pupil of Alfred Gilbert, Esq., R. A. M.: Henry (Gardner), R. A., and Herron Kugler, Goetz and Scherer, Germany. Piano, Singing, Harmony and Language. Term begins September 1st, at 14 Bell Street.

British Columbia
Ladies College.
Residential and Day School for Girls. Rev. Jos. McCoy, M. A., Principal. Miss McCoy, A. T. C. M., Lady Principal. Re-opens Tuesday, Sept. 8th. For terms and particulars, apply to the Principal.

DeKOVEN HALL
A Select Boarding School for Boys. Combines School Discipline with Home Influence. Character Building Chief Aim. Selects a Distinctive Feature. Receives Twenty Boys of Good Character. Prepares them for College or Business Life. Naval Discipline. Cadets. Instructed in the management of boats and Coached in Crews, Singles and Doubles. Building well equipped. Located on the east shore of Lake Stollacoon. Pure water, good drainage, wholesome food and outdoor exercise contribute to the health of pupils. Instruction thorough and personal. Twelfth year begins September 10th. For booklet date monthly.

Beginning This Minute
The future can be your own. Results are never in doubt when you attend our school. We educate you for practical business and assist in getting you a position when competent. All our graduates are employed. There are not enough to satisfy the demand, splendid equipment. Up to date machinery.

Sit right down today and write for catalogue.

BEHNKE-WALKER
BUSINESS COLLEGE
242 Washington St. OREGON.

MISS S. F. SMITH
A. T. C. M.
Certificated pupil, Toronto College of Music and Gold Medalist of H. M. Field, of Leipzig, Germany. Classes in Pianoforte Playing, Theory of Music, Harmony.

57 Fort Street

THE NEW FOREIGN WRAPS

Are Being Admired.

The eyes of all are already turning fashionward again. Each new showing of fall styles attract eager eyes. The style changes so far have been radical and pleasing. The fabrics give new dignity and elegance. The styles have high character and gracefulness, and are attracting the attention of the general public. New Costumes, New Millinery, New Jackets, New Rain Coats, New Dress Goods, New Clothing, New Gloves, etc. Twenty dozen Ladies' White Lawn Shirt Waists. Today 35c. each, worth double the price.

\$2.50 For Men's Boots, Worth \$3.00 to \$4.50

\$1.75 For Ladies' Oxfords, Worth \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50

The Hinton Electric Co., Ltd.

64 Government Street,
ELECTRIC APPARATUS & IRON SUPPLIES

Selling Agents.
CANADIAN GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY, LIMITED.
CANADA FOUNDRY COMPANY, LIMITED.

AT
ARTHUR HOLMES 78 YATES STREET, CORNER BROAD

REMOVAL SALE
Moving to Wescott Bros.' stand, 88 Yates St. Everything reduced. Splendid bargains.

COLUMBIA HOUSE - 81 DOUGLAS STREET
MRS. M. A. VIGOR

Call and see the new Savage 22 calibre Rifle, just received today. We can also show you the best value for the money in Double, Hammerless Shot Guns. "No trouble to show goods."

PICHON & LENFESTY
45 JOHNSON ST. VICTORIA, B. C.

Here are Some
Items for three days' selling that are priced away below the regular worth. They are little needfuls that will interest all who are economically inclined. Read the list—you may need one or more of the items mentioned.

Genuine Old Brown Windsor Soap, 5 cakes..... 10c.
Genuine Old English Toilet Soap, per box..... 10c.
Tampico Pepper Sauce, per bottle..... 10c.
Boulter's Baked Beans, 4 tins..... 25c.
Macle Soda, in tins, each..... 10c.
Warblers, per dozen..... 10c.

The Saunders' Grocery Co. Ltd.
PHONE 25. 42 AND 41 JOHNSON STREET.

The "West End" Grocery Co. Ltd
PHONE 26 42 GOVERNMENT STREET.

TO CAMPERS
A regular car service is given daily by the Tram way Company to Oak Bay and the Willows. Car leaves Government Street terminus for Oak Bay and the even hour and every twenty minutes thereafter; for the Willows at 10 minutes past the hour and every twenty minutes thereafter. Campers making use of this service will find it a great boon, as the terminus at Oak Bay, as well as that at the Willows, are both within easy distance of the favorite camping resorts.

A. T. GOWARD, Local Manager.

Advertise in the Colonist

GRANDAS CIGARS

Are ALL GOOD and ALWAYS GOOD

They are all good because they are pure Havana and Cuban made. They are always good because no other brand has so defective a quality. They are all good because they are pure Havana and Cuban made.

THE SPANIARD MANANA on the box

GRANDAS CIGARS

ARE IN THE BOX

Victoria Y.M.C.A. Is Flourishing

Reports at Directors' Meeting Show That All Departments Are Prospering.

Fine Programme of Educational Classes and Entertainment for Winter.

At the regular monthly meeting of the Board of Directors of the Victoria Y. M. C. A., held in the board room at the institution on Tuesday evening, a large amount of important business was dealt with, and the plans for the winter months were approved.

As this meeting received the report of the first month's work of the Association under the management of Mr. J. T. Little, general secretary, considerable interest was felt, and all were much gratified to find that the Association, even in that short time, had shown a very appreciable increase in prosperity.

The report showed that 22 additional members had enrolled, and that the total amount of funds raised was \$385. It was decided to arrange for a series of large meetings, five or six to be held probably in the opera house during the winter, and to be addressed by eminent speakers, and to include special music and other entertainment. In this connection it may be mentioned that when Secretary Little was in Portland, Me., recently he signed an engagement with the original Fiske Jubilee Singers, to give one of their splendid concerts here under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A., the arrangement to be fulfilled by the directors. It is considered probable that this fine concert company will come to Victoria some time during the coming winter.

During the month a considerable number of young men were directed to suitable boarding houses. The number of baths taken at the rooms was 83. It was decided to hold an opening banquet on the occasion of the inauguration of the winter's work, about the first of October. It is proposed to give a supper on the Wednesday night nearest the beginning of the month, with a suitable programme of exercises, to mark the auspicious occasion.

The sketch of the winter's programme of educational and other classes was submitted and approved. The work will include educational classes, social meetings and entertainment, and gymnasium classes for senior, junior and business men, who are taking a great interest in this branch of the work, and are asking for special five o'clock classes.

One thing of special note will be the "Problem Club Bible Class." This club will deal with such questions as how can young men best spend their time? How can they save money? The best way of achieving success. The importance of per-

sonal purity, and other problems of the day and of all time. In fact, to teach the young men how to live life to the best advantage.

The educational classes are to include penmanship, bookkeeping, arithmetic, elementary and advanced, mechanical and architectural drawing.

The secretary was instructed to write the Rev. Mark Guy Pierce, who is one of the managers of the Victoria Y. M. C. A., to see if he cannot be induced to come to the Coast and deliver a lecture or give one of his splendid addresses to the young men of the institution. An old friend of the president of the Victoria Y. M. C. A., and it is considered not improbable that the invitations may have effect.

The action of the general secretary in appointing Mr. Cyril Bates, son of ex-Mayor Mark Bates of Nanaimo, to the assistant secretaryship, was approved by the Board. The several committees who are to carry on the season's work were then appointed, and the following gentlemen are the chairmen:

Finance, Mr. H. J. Knott; religious work, Mr. W. A. Gleason; membership, Mr. T. W. Martindale; educational, Mr. E. E. Wood; library and reading room, Mr. H. H. Fisher. The secretary will continue to conduct the gymnasium classes until the appointment of a regular instructor. Those classes under the direction of Mr. Little are giving complete satisfaction, and the only drawback is that they take up so much of his time, which is pretty well occupied with the general business of the institution.

All the directors expressed their pleasure at the excellent progress being made by the Association and at the good prospects for a useful winter's work.

Strength and vigor come of good food, duly digested. "Force," a ready-to-serve wheat and barley food, adds no burden, but sustains, nourishes, invigorates.

Boys' Bathing Suits, 5c. 10c. 15c. Boys' Bathing Suits, 50c. per suit. B. Williams & Co.

A lamp burns as much paraffin when the wick is screwed down as when up.

No one knows better than those who have used Carter's Little Liver Pills what relief they have given when taken for dyspepsia, dizziness, pain in the side, constipation, and disordered stomach.

Platinum has been drawn into wire so fine that even when placed on a piece of white paper it is invisible to the naked eye.

The most dangerous part of the British coast is between Flamborough Head and the North Foreland. Next comes that between Anglesey and the Mull of Galloway.



This is the maid of beautiful face, With wealth of hair and a matchless grace, Complexion fair and without a fault, She's a regular user of Abbey's Salt

HANDSOME FEATURES are inherited, but true beauty, a clear complexion, may be acquired. It is merely a question of healthy digestion and pure blood.

ABBEY'S SALT is a sure and thorough tonic laxative. It evacuates the bowels in a gentle manner without griping or discomfort, clears the complexion and imparts the glow of health to the cheeks. Powder and Cosmetics only imitate beauty.

Abbey's Effervescent Salt gives the true beauty of health.

Were Wedded At Vancouver

Charming Native Daughter and a Former Victorian the Bride.

Dr. J. C. Farish Joined in Holy Bonds to Miss Annie Reveley.

A wedding event of great local interest took place in Vancouver on Tuesday morning, the bride being the daughter of a former well-known resident of Victoria. The News-Advertiser's account of the pleasing affair is as follows:

"Christ Church yesterday morning was the scene of a pretty wedding when Miss Annie Reveley, one of British Columbia's most charming native daughters, was united in marriage to Dr. James C. Farish, of this city.

"The bride is the daughter of the late Captain Fred Reveley, for many years agent for the Marine and Fisheries Department at Victoria, and Mrs. Reveley, although born in the Capital City, Vancouver may well be claimed as her home, she having come here in her early childhood.

"The groom is the son of Dr. Henry G. Farish and Mrs. Farish, of Liverpool, N. S., and is practising his profession as a medical specialist in this city, having removed here from New Westminster two years ago.

"Yesterday was an ideal wedding day as far as weather was concerned, as the sun shone brightly, while not a cloud was to be seen in the sky. The ceremony, which was held in the church at 11 o'clock, was a most charming affair, and the bride and groom were surrounded by a large number of friends and relatives. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. C. C. Owen, rector of the church, while Mr. Frank P. Watkins of London, Eng., acted as officiant. The bride wore a gown of white satin, and the groom a suit of dark cloth. The wedding march was played by the organ on the occasion of the wedding of the bride and groom. The bride and groom were then seated at a table in the church, and the wedding breakfast was served. The bride and groom were then seated at a table in the church, and the wedding breakfast was served.

"The bride, who looked charming as she walked up the aisle, was the daughter of her brother, Mr. Fred Reveley, was attended in a handsome white Duchess satin gown with long train and sweetest of maidens and a white veil. The bride and groom were then seated at a table in the church, and the wedding breakfast was served.

"The bridesmaid was Miss Flora Gowen, of Victoria, a cousin of the bride. She wore a green silk organza over white tulle, and carried a bouquet of white roses. The bridesmaid was Miss Flora Gowen, of Victoria, a cousin of the bride. She wore a green silk organza over white tulle, and carried a bouquet of white roses.

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Peer and Peasant in the British Realm

have for more than a quarter of a century looked upon



as the most efficient and yet most gentle remedy for CONSTIPATION and all complaints arising from a sluggish Liver. Half a tumblerful taken in the morning on rising brings gentle, sure and ready relief.

PERSONALS.

Mr. Robin Dunsinuir and wife, accompanied by Mr. Wilson and wife, of Victoria, are enjoying a few days' fishing at the lakes in Comox district.

Mr. D. G. Perry, of Chemainus, is among the guests at the Victoria Hotel. He has just returned from a trip to southern California and the eastern states. While away he visited, among other places, Chicago, St. Paul and New York.

John Stinson, of Rossland, who has just returned from a business trip to Port Simpson, says that since it has been decided that the Western terminus of the Grand Trunk Pacific railway will be at Port Simpson, business at that place is beginning to brighten. Already all the timber lands of any value have been taken up, and speculators are beginning to interest themselves in the place.

Mr. Stinson, with a number of associates, has taken possession of fifteen sections of fair timber lands at the head of Observatory Inlet. Mr. Stinson, who is a resident of Rossland, is staying at the New England Hotel.

Mr. Whitmore and wife, Dunsmuir, are at the Victoria Hotel. Mr. Whitmore is a resident of the Victoria Hotel. Mr. Whitmore is a resident of the Victoria Hotel. Mr. Whitmore is a resident of the Victoria Hotel.

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Provincial Exhibition

Under the auspices of THE ROYAL AND INDUSTRIAL SOCIETY OF B. C.

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C. Sept. 29 and 30 Oct. 1 and 2 \$20,000 in Prizes and Attractions-\$20,000 OPEN TO THE WORLD.

A Round of Pleasure for Four Whole Days. A Lacrosse Tournament, Shamrocks of Montreal, Vancouver Lacrosse Club, Westminster Lacrosse Club, Fire Works, Baseball, Children's Sports, Magnificent Illuminations, Grand Concert each evening, Special Attractions, Monster Excursion from all points at greatly reduced rates.

No Entrance Fee Charged for Exhibits. Executive: T. J. Trapp, President; A. D. Stinson, Vice-President; W. J. Mathers, R. F. Anderson, W. R. Gilley, L. A. Lewis, D. S. Curtis, C. A. Welsh, Geo. Adams, John Reid, W. A. D. Jones, J. A. Cunningham.

For Prize Lists, Entry Forms, and full particulars, write to T. J. TRAPP, President, W. H. KIRBY, Manager and Secy.

Edison Theatre

Programme Week August 31st. Connors and Connors. Comedy Sketch. Sumners and O'Connell. Dancing, Singing and Comedy. Etta Hampson. Mezzo-Soprano Soloist. Animated Pictures.

Shooting Rapids at Lema Park. The Dancing Monkey. Hooligan as Burglar, etc.

Continuous performance, strictly refined entertainment for ladies, children and gentlemen. Matinee Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, 3 to 5. Evenings, 7:30 to 10:30. ADMISSION 10c.

Savoy Theatre

TONIGHT

GRAND PRODUCTION of the SENSATIONAL MELODRAMA.

Jack the Ripper

In conjunction with a Mammoth Specialty Company.

GENERAL

Admission 10c

GRAND

LABOR DAY

Demonstration

—IN—

VANCOUVER

LABOR DAY

Sept. 7th, 1903

Seventy-two Labor Unions will take part. Fully 4,000 men will be in parade. Seven brass bands, 23 competitive floats, and 100 commercial floats. Unmistakable. Steamer Princess Victoria will leave Victoria 7 a.m. sharp, arriving in Vancouver at 11 a.m. Eight hours in Vancouver.

5th Regiment Band

Will accompany excursion and lead Victoria contingent in parade. Arrangements have been made for a splendid vocal and instrumental programme during return journey. Parade will start immediately on arrival of Victoria boat. The Princess Victoria will leave the inner wharf. Adults, \$2.00; children under 12, \$1.00; under 5, free. Your ticket and 50c will enable you to stay over and return on Tuesday's boat.

T. WILBY, Secy. Gen. Com.

MONUMENTS

Get Stewart's Prices

Stewart's Prices

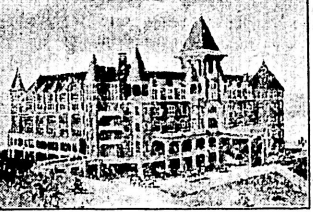
Stewart's Prices

Stewart's Prices

Stewart's Prices

Stewart's Prices

THE WASHINGTON



This magnificent Tourist Hotel was opened May 10, 1903, by James A. Moore, General Manager of The Moore Investment Co., of Seattle. The Washington entertained President Roosevelt a week after the opening, and from that time has been filled with tourists and commercial travelers. The appointments and service of The Washington are of the highest class. The cuisine is in the hands of a celebrated chef. The rates are for a comfortable and a fast and reliable hotel. THE WASHINGTON IS COMMANDINGLY SITUATED. Three hundred feet above sea level and overlooks the most beautifully diversified scenery in the West, combining lakes, sound, mountains and harbor, as well as a birdseye view of all Seattle. For particulars as to rooms and rates address THE WASHINGTON, SEATTLE.

Seattle's Scenic Tourist Hotel

Under the auspices of THE ROYAL AND INDUSTRIAL SOCIETY OF B. C.

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C. Sept. 29 and 30 Oct. 1 and 2 \$20,000 in Prizes and Attractions-\$20,000 OPEN TO THE WORLD.

A Round of Pleasure for Four Whole Days. A Lacrosse Tournament, Shamrocks of Montreal, Vancouver Lacrosse Club, Westminster Lacrosse Club, Fire Works, Baseball, Children's Sports, Magnificent Illuminations, Grand Concert each evening, Special Attractions, Monster Excursion from all points at greatly reduced rates.

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For Prize Lists, Entry Forms, and full particulars, write to T. J. TRAPP, President, W. H. KIRBY, Manager and Secy.

Edison Theatre

FOR SALE

Nine acres of good land four miles from the city, Two acres cleared, and seven acres slashed; with house and water.

For Particulars Apply To

PEMBERTON & SON, 45 FORT ST

Fresh Eggs

You can get them by feeding our Excelstior Meal along with Beef Scrap. Nothing to equal this feed.

Sylvester Feed Co., 87 89 YATES STREET TEL. 413.

Much Work In Local Shipyard

R. T. Stephens Has Orders For a Number of New Craft.

Templeton Calls for Registration Papers--Salmon Ships in Royal Roads.

Mr. R. T. Stephens, the well known yacht and boat builder of this city, with yards on Victoria Arm, has just completed a new 32-foot freight barge for the H. M. S. Iris, to be used in transferring freight at the Panning Islands. He also has contracts on hand for three other boats for the same ship, namely, one 30-foot whaler, captain's pleasure boat, and officers' skiff, to be completed within 30 days. He is also building a boat for His Majesty's submarine department at Signal Hill, and expects in the near future to lay down the keel of a new 60-foot steam launch, to be used in local waters.

Mr. Stephens' reputation as a builder cannot be surpassed, he having built the steamer Beaver for the Alton Works some years ago, the first steel boat ever built in British Columbia. He also built the steamer Magnet, on the Fraser river, and the stern wheeler Prospector at White Horse, and above all, that pretty little white winged boat known as the "one design class," also several gasoline launches. He is a very pretty one on hand now which he uses for his own pleasure.

TEMPLETON CALLED.

British Ship Visits Port in Order to Receive Registration Papers.

In order to receive British registry the ship Templeton, bound for the Sound, called in port yesterday. A few years ago the ship was placed under the flag of the Danish West Indies at a time when it was thought the island of St. Thomas would be taken over by the American government. By so doing her owners expected to be able to better trade between American ports.

SHAWMUT IN DOCK.

Monster Freighter of the Boston Steamship Company, Getting Overhauling.

The big freighter Shawmut of the Boston Steamship Co., has been placed in dry dock at Bremerton. The Shawmut is the largest steamship ever docked at Bremerton. Her dimensions are 504 feet in length over all; 78 feet beam and 45 feet depth of hold. The dry dock is 750 feet in length over all, 67 feet in breadth, 120 feet wide on top and 64 feet wide on the floor. The Shawmut was docked last Saturday, and a large number of persons visited the ship and yard for the purpose of seeing the immense steamship placed in the dock.

WILL BURN OIL.

New Departure in Operating One of Fleet of Sound Steamers.

Equipping coal-burning vessels on the Sound to burn oil is one of the many improvements of the near future. The announcement was made at Seattle that the steamship Arrow would burn oil instead of coal and there seems to be a general movement in that direction among the owners of boats.

The Arrow is now on the Bremerton



Ask Your Doctor

He will tell you-- That barley-malt is a half-digested food, as good as food can be.

That hops are an excellent tonic.

That the little alcohol in beer--only 3 1/2 per cent--is an aid to digestion.

But Purity is Essential

But he will tell you that beer must be protected from germs, and brewed in absolute cleanliness.

He'll say, too, that age is important, for age brings perfect fermentation. Without it, beer ferments on the stomach, causing biliousness.

Schlitz beer is brewed with all precautions. It is the recognized standard all the world over, because of its purity.

Ask for the Brewery Bottling.

For sale by Hudson's Bay Co., Victoria

Schlitz

THE BEER THAT MADE MILWAUKEE FAMOUS

Supt. Hussey's Views on Game

Chief of the Provincial Police Interviewed on the Slaughter Question.

How the Police Are Handicapped in Dealing With the Matter.

Yesterday afternoon a representative of the Colonist waited upon Superintendent Hussey, head of the provincial police, and sought to obtain his views upon the much vexed question of the protection of game; as to how the police were endeavoring to cope with the alleged destruction of the game out of season, and what remedies could be suggested.

Superintendent Hussey said that from his information, gathered from many sources, he could not credit the stories being circulated in the press to the effect that the game was being thinned out by unlawful means to an alarming extent. On the contrary, he had good ground for the belief that no such thing was the fact, and that the game, far from showing any diminution this year, was in reality more plentiful than ever before reported at the opening of the season. He had taken every reasonable precaution to intercept possible poachers and lawbreakers; but it was a costly proceeding to do this system of patrolling on a large scale. Yet, on the other hand, a large number of the complaints which were used by the columns of the press to ventilate their supposed grievances, were not based on any facts, and could be ascertained by careful enquiry in all parts of the country.

"It," said Superintendent Hussey, "those people who complain in the papers and elsewhere about the cases they know have been ruthlessly slaughtered, would only come to this office and give us some of that information we would then have some chance of doing something. Why did not that gentleman from Cobble Hill who, in the papers, told of the killing of so many grouse, keep it a secret for a while, instead of coming here, the proper quarter to lay complaints, and let us take up the case? Surely it would be just as easy to inform the police as to rush into print."

"Those gentlemen need not fear that their names would be used, all we want is the hint as to facts. We do not want any hearsay, but if they know of any cases that have come under their own eyes, or in their own district, they should inform at this office. The fact of the matter seems to be that those people who are so ready to come to the police office to lay information, are not so ready to go with it to the press. And then, they blame the police because cases of that kind take place. They even give out and down the country with the knowledge of the police."

"It is easy enough to throw our insinuation of that kind, but much more good would be done by those persons coming to the office and reporting the facts. If any man knows of any infraction of the Game Act it is his duty to come and report it to the police, they will do the rest."

Superintendent Hussey, in further discussing the matter, gave it as his opinion that it was practically impossible to make any serious impression upon the numbers of the game, let alone exterminate them in this province, because they have been provided by nature with such splendid cover. As all know who have ever tried to get through the British Columbia underbrush anything like the pursuit of game is a very difficult task. And when the game had man and his settlements encroaching upon his old domains, they simply fall back upon the thicker fastnesses further in the forest, and the result is that the game is killed off as it has been in more level and less forested countries. Game would never be so plentiful in this country as long as the dense forests remained. He could not credit the statements that there had been such a slaughter of game in this neighborhood as had been reported.

A confirmation of Superintendent Hussey's doubts in the matter arrived on the E. N. train last evening, when a large party of Victoria sportsmen returned from a grouse hunting trip in the interior. Each man with pretty nearly all the grouse he could carry. In fact the average bag was fourteen apiece. This is a pretty good showing even for a first day, and it is entirely disproved the statement which have been freely circulated. Sportsmen who were spoken to on this matter, said that everyone interested in the sport was grateful to the police for the manner in which the watching of the districts had been done, and attributed the excellent condition of the grouse grounds to this vigilance. It is a general opinion amongst the city sportsmen that the provincial police have done their duty thoroughly, and the same is by them heartily appreciated.

A VERY GOOD RULE.

It is well known that the majority of human life is made up of the things which are done on this account many people make it a rule to see that the law is obeyed every day. If you are subject to constipation you can be cured by the use of Dr. Cass's Kidney-Liver Pills. This not only makes the bowels active, but by their action on the liver ensures a regular flow of bile, nature's own cathartic, and so removes the cause of serious disease.

THE WEATHER.

Meteorological Office, Victoria, Sept. 3--8 p. m. SYNOPSIS.

The high pressure area which for the last few days has covered the entire west coast, has been gradually moving eastward to Montana and Dakota, and an area of low pressure has been moving westward from the Pacific coast, and is now developing off the coast of the Vancouver and American coast within the next 24 hours. No precipitation is reported today either on the Pacific shore or in the Canadian Northwest and the weather has been exceedingly fine at all points. Temperatures have been high to the west of the Rockies but lower in the Northwest.

TEMPERATURE.

	Min.	Max.
Victoria	50	70
New Westminster	42	74
Kamloops	40	56
Jasper	28	60
Calgary	32	56
Winnipeg	44	60
Portland, Ore.	54	80
San Francisco	54	62

POLECATS.

Report for 24 hours ending 5 a. m. (Pacific time) Friday:

Victoria and vicinity: Moderate or fresh northerly to easterly winds, mostly fair and warm with possibly showers tonight or Saturday.

Lower Mainland: Light or moderate winds, chiefly easterly, mostly fair and warm with possibly showers tonight or Saturday.

VICTORIA DATA RECORD.

Report for 24 hours ending 5 a. m. Observations taken daily at 5 a. m., noon and 5 p. m.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 3.

	Deg.	Deg.
5 a. m.	52	Mean.....60
Noon	66	Highest.....70
5 p. m.	68	Lowest.....50

The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:

5 a. m.Calm.
Noon12 miles northeast.
5 p. m.Calm.

Average state of weather--Clear. Barometer at noon.....30.00 Corrected.....30.04

NEW WESTMINSTER.

Barometer at 5 p. m.--Corrected.....30.08

Constipation

Headache, biliousness, heartburn, indigestion, and all liver ills are cured by

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

HICKS-BEACH-JAYNES.

Interesting Marriage Ceremony Performed at Dunsmuir's on Wednesday.

At the Anglican church, Dunsmuir's, on Wednesday afternoon, Mr. Edward Hicks-Beach, a nephew of the ex-Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, was united in marriage to Miss Jaynes, daughter of a well-known and old-time resident of Dunsmuir. Only the immediate friends and relatives of the bride were present, and after the ceremony the wedding party gathered at the home of the bride's parents, when all manner of good wishes were showered upon the happy couple.

Mr. and Mrs. Hicks-Beach came down to Victoria on yesterday's train and stayed at the New England hotel, leaving for Vancouver on last night's boat to join the steamer Danube, which sails today for the North.

Mr. Hicks-Beach, who is a splendid type of the young Englishman who helps to make the colonies of the Empire great, is in business for himself at Hazelton, in the Cassiar country, where he is a well-known and popular figure, and it is pleasant to chronicle, is doing very well by his own unaided exertions. Mr. Hicks-Beach has been in the North for some time and is highly esteemed by all who know him there. Several times his name has been mentioned in connection with politics, but it is understood that he has no leanings that way, and is perfectly content to pursue the vocation of general merchant.

PUGET SOUND PACK.

Season's Work Results in Nearly One Hundred and Forty Thousand Cases.

The corrected figures for the Puget Sound pack of sockeye salmon for the year 1903, are as follows:

Cases.	Cases.
North American Fisheries, Ana-	10,000
coria, B. C.	
White Crest Packing Co., Anacortes	3,500
White Crest Packing Co., Anacortes	1,200
Rosario Straits Packing Co., Ana-	
coria, B. C.	250
Pacific Island Packing Co., Ana-	
coria, B. C.	16,375
Alaska Packers Association, Blaine,	
Port Roberts, Alaska	25,100
J. W. & V. Cook, Blaine	7,000
Pacific Northwest Packing Co., Blaine	3,500
George & Barker, Port Roberts	5,500
Wells Packing Co., Lummi Island	5,000
Astoria & Puget Sound Packing Co.,	
Palghaven	5,000
Manhattan Packing Co., Pt. Angeles	6,500
Schulze Brothers, Seattle	500
Pacific Packing & Navigation Co.,	
Palghaven, Blaine	42,887
Pacific Packing & Navigation Co.,	
Friday Harbor	6,250
Total	138,572

THE GAZETTE.

A List of the New Notices Appearing in the Government Publication.

The Official Gazette, issued yesterday, contains the following notices:

William Dinsmore, of Grand Forks, to be a Justice of the peace in and for the province of British Columbia.

Francis J. MacLeod, mining recorder, to be a collector of revenue, collector of revenue tax and deputy mining recorder for the Trout Lake mining division, with sub-recording office at Poplar creek.

Henry Frederick Wilmut, of Vernon, to be mining recorder for the Vernon mining division, with sub-recording office for the district known as the head-water of the Fire Valley river, in the Arrow Lake mining division; deputy mining recorder for the district known as the head-water of the Fire Valley river, in the Greenwood mining division; assessor and collector for the Vernon assessment district; collector of revenue tax for the Vernon assessment district; deputy clerk of the peace for the county of Yale; registrar of the County court of Yale, holden at Vernon; and provincial assessor, constable, vice J. C. Tunstall, resigned.

Edward Hampden Mortimer, of Phoenix, to be a notary public in and for the province of British Columbia.

William Meyer, of Port Hardy, master mariner, to be a Justice of the peace in and for the province of British Columbia.

The Vancouver Temperance Hotel and Coffee House Company, limited, has been granted incorporation with a capital of \$20,000.

The Santa Power Company, limited, is incorporated under the Water Causes Consolidation Act, with a capital of \$20,000.

Notice is given that at a meeting of the Green & Cold Storage Company, limited, was decided to wind up voluntarily, and that Arthur Mallin, of New Westminster, should be liquidator.

WHAT THE PREACHER SAID.

When Governor Cummins of Iowa was approached by a notorious office seeker and political handholder for a political promise a few days ago he indulged in the following story:

"A colored preacher whom I once listened to made a strong appeal to save his church by increasing its membership. The Sabbath preceding the contribution had been filled with butchers and mutilated corpses. So he pleaded--

"Brotherhood, I am trying to prove abominably that de Lord God has a despicable hate for a deceiver and a falsifier, and you can't propagate him by no means, and I would gladly and pointedly that the pussans what put them mutilations and deceptions in the contribution hat last Sunday will no more forward when calls for those who wish to pledge themselves to support this church and its pastor."

The entire congregation took the pledge."

The office seeker enjoyed the story, and felt so embarrassed that he went away without any pledge--New York Times.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's

Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

W. Carter

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S

LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.

FOR DIZZINESS.

FOR BILIOUSNESS.

FOR TORPID LIVER.

FOR CONSTIPATION.

FOR SALLOW SKIN.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

GET THE PILLS FROM THE

DRUGGIST OR BY MAIL FROM

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

THE PHOENIX LAGER

TRY

Absolutely Pure

The Best and Cheapest in the Market

You will see a pleased expression on the face of the man who wears

"Zooka" Shirts

He knows he has the best. They fit well, Wear well, Look well.

Look for this name inside the Collar. For sale at all best dealers.

When Print Blurs

When print blurs, irritable temper and general discomfort result. This condition with glasses.

F. W. NOLTE & CO.

EXCLUSIVE OPTIC AND MANUFACTURING OPTICIANS

37 FORT STREET

CAMPBELL & GULLIN

TOBACCONISTS

INFORMATION BUREAU, PAPERS.

BOX 108 PHONE 12

Cor. Govt. St., Trousseau Ave

LAWN GRASSES

The best mixture. Plant now.

Johnston's Seed Store

City Market.

W. JONES

AUCTIONEER

AUCTION

TRADE SALE

41 CRATES OF Earthenware

CITY AUCTION MART

11 a. m. Sept. 15th.

Where samples can now be seen. Catalogues on application.

Phone 294. W. JONES, Don. Govt. Auct.

Terms at sale.

Ladies' Hair Dressing Parlors

Scalp treatment, shampooing, face massage, hair dressing. A large stock of wigs and switches at ways on hand. Combines made up into all styles. Country orders promptly attended to. With for hire.

Mrs. C. Kosche

55 Douglas street. (Near Fort.)

Shooting.

To rent for the season, the shooting on 635 acres of land with plenty of pheasants, grouse and deer. For particulars apply to A. W., Colonial Office.

LEMP'S

This is the season for Beer, and Lemp's St. Louis "EXTRA PALE" is the best bottled beer on the market today. So say all who are judges. It is simply perfect--contains all the qualities which go to make up a perfect Beer. It is pale in color, light and sparkling; it is made from hops and retains its full hop flavor. No other Beer compares with it. For a family Beer it has no equal. Your grocer has it; take no other; there is none quite so good. Should a bottle be opened and contents not all consumed at once, the remaining quantity in the bottle will go just as good the next day. This is a great saving to the dealer or consumer. This does not apply to any other Beer but Lemp's All Hotels, Clubs, Restaurants and first class Bars throughout British Columbia are supplied with Lemp's. They have tried other much advertised Beers, but all "fall back" on this favorite brand. Your refreshment list is incomplete without it. Always the same; never changes in quality.

Pither & Leiser

Sole Agents for British Columbia. Victoria, B. C.

ESQUIMALT PROPERTY

Sections 30, 47, 48 and 49, between The Esquimalt Road and the Sea, have been recently divided into acre and half acre lots. A number of these have very desirable water frontage. For prices apply to

A. W. JONES or BEAUMONT BOGGS

TYEE LOPPER CO.

SMELTING WORKS AT LADYSMITH

PREPARED TO PURCHASE ORES. CONVENIENT TO THE ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY OR THE SEA.

CLERMONT IIVINGSTON, MANAGER

THOMAS KIDDIE, Smelter Manager.

Who Said That?

We keep only a small assortment of Diamonds to select from? We can prove the contrary. We buy our Diamonds direct from the cutters at the very lowest prices. We have them in all sizes and they are of a very fine color. A \$10,000 assortment in set and unset Diamonds to select from. The price we are able to quote you will make it one of the safest investments in Victoria.

J. WENGER,

Jeweler, go Government St. Established 1876.

NORTHWESTERN

SMELTING & REFINING CO.

BUYERS OF:

Gold, Silver and Copper Ores, Mattes, Bullion, Furnace And Cyanide Products.

LOCATION OF WORKS:

CROFTON, Vancouver Island, B. C.

The E. B. Eddy Co.

HULL, CANADA

LARGEST MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF PAPER IN THE WORLD

Also WOODEN WARE, TUBS, PAILS, WASH BOARDS, BUTTER TUBS, AND THE BEST MATCHES ON EARTH.

JAMES MITCHELL

AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Ry.

Labor Day

Monday, September 7th.

EXCURSION RATES

Will be in effect between all points. Tickets good from Saturday, September 5th, until Monday, September 7th. Double train service on Labor Day, trains leaving Victoria at 9:00 a. m. and 4:00 p. m.

GEO. L. COURTNEY,

Traffic Manager.